# Competitive Analysis

First time user experience of time to value



### Goal of this study

Identify user experience **roadblocks** of first time users

Identify design patterns that enhance the experience of first time users

Identify design patterns that guide new users to realize product value

### Experience of time to value

**Time to Value** (TtV) is a business term that describes the period of time between a request for a specific value and the initial delivery of the value requested.

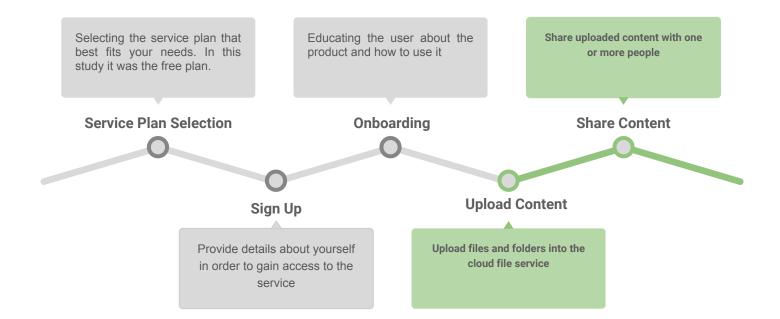
I use TtV as a way to measure the first time user experience. This study will compare how much effort and frustration exists before users can use a selling feature of these products.

### Methodology

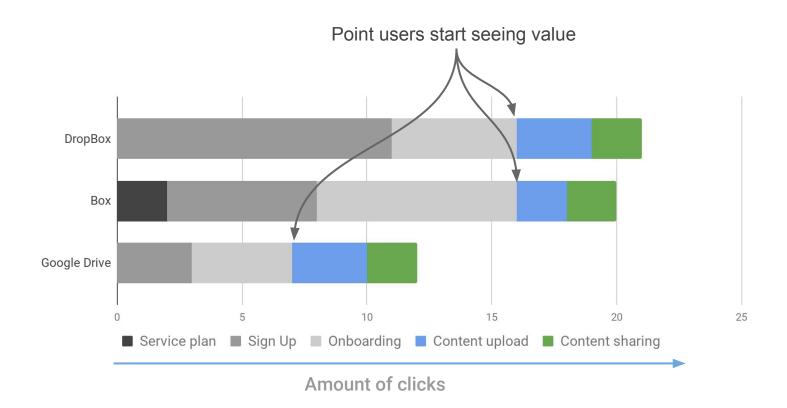
- Perform a competitive expert review of DropBox, Box and GoogleDrive
- Perform a workflow analysis of the first time user experience
- Usability test the first time user experience of DropBox, Box and GoogleDrive
- Triangulate the data into a summarized report

### Delaying the value experience

Users must complete a series of **non-value tasks** in order to reach value realization



### Effort required before product can be used



### Sign up: do's and don'ts

- Get user into signup workflow in 1 click from landing page
- Keep signup form simple, email address and password only
  - Save validation and further data collection for after first use

### Don't

- Force email verification on signup
- Force service plan selection during signup
- Force client download during signup

### Onboarding: do's and don'ts

### Do:

- Get out of the way of the user, let them use the product
- Nudge users with hints about accomplishing the primary tasks
- Use high contrast elements to draw users attention to next logical action
- Anticipate user's likely next action and provide tools to support them
- Clearly state the how much storage is available

## Don't:

- Flash tutorials as a gateway to accessing your product
- Over-complicate primary features with competing secondary features
- Ask for contact information of friends and family before establishing trust

### Content upload: do's and don'ts



- Acknowledge the emptiness of a new files share with simple instructions for uploading content.
- Use high contrast elements to draw users attention to logical next step
- Provide tips for getting more out of you product

#### Share content: do's and don'ts



- Clearly provide content sharing option
- Use high contrast to draw users attention to next logical action
- Provide tips for getting more out of you product
- Anticipate user's likely next action and provide tools to support

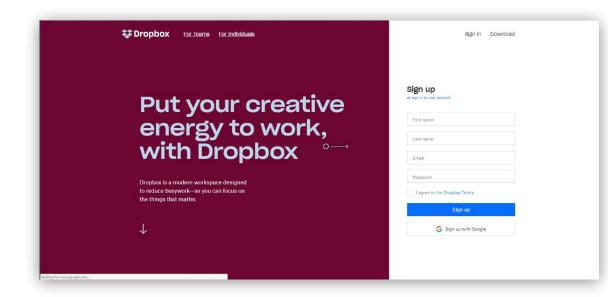
Competitive usability test results

### Sign Up - Dropbox

#### Do:

- Make sign up form dominant feature on the landing page.
- Leave pricing or plan selection for later.

- Engages users quickly in the signup process
- Some questions about features and capability

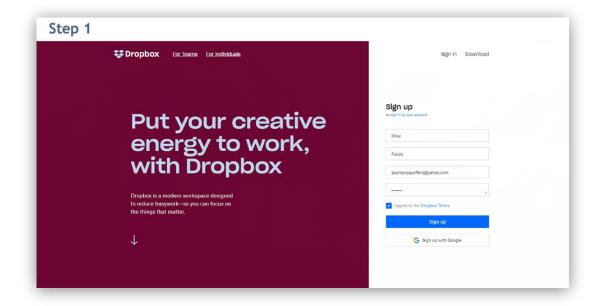


## Sign Up - Dropbox

#### Don't:

 Force users to install Dropbox client software on their computer, during sign up.

- Adds complexity to the signup process and delays the users from accomplishing their goal
- The software download comes during the signup process which blurs the line between signup and setup. Adding to users cognitive load as they try to figure out how this helps them achieve their goal.



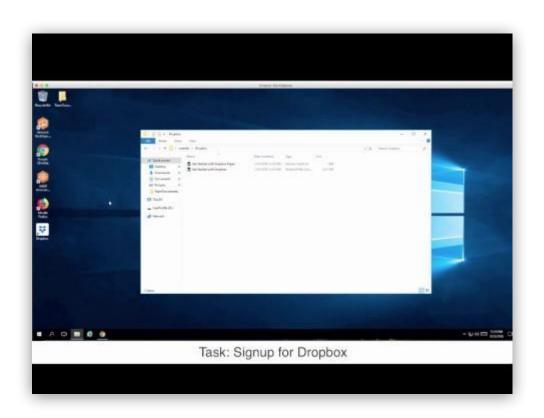
### Sign-up - Dropbox

#### Don't:

 Force users to download and install a client, without an option provided to skip or install later

### Why:

- Users think the client software is preferred way to use the product
- User don't learn that a web client is available
- Users believe that the client is a critical piece of the software, and there is no way to use the product without installing a client



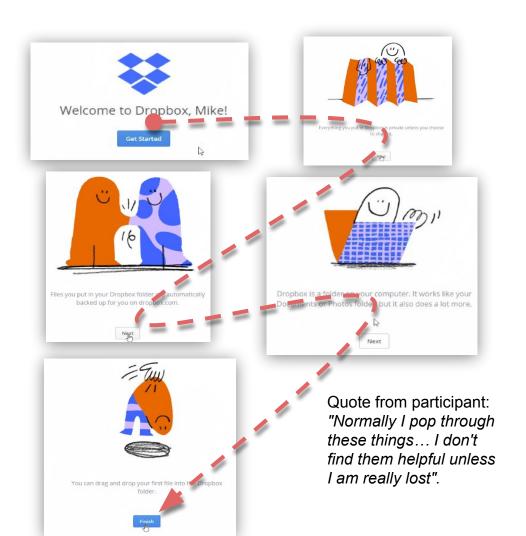
Quote from participant: "I don't like the client being forced down my throat".

### Sign-up - Dropbox

#### Don't:

 Have tutorial pop-up before the user can access the software

- Prevents users from getting to use the product
- Click through instructions can be seen as an obstruction to getting to use the product. Even with an X or close button, users often still click through to the end of the instruction set without reading.



### Upload content - Dropbox

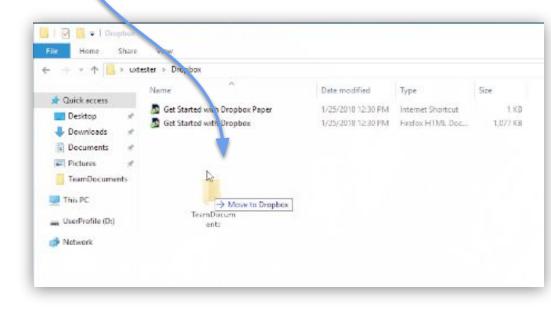
#### Do:

 Leverage familiar actions such as drag and drop files into the file sharing service



### Why:

 Easy to learn because drag and drop is a familiar action to most users.

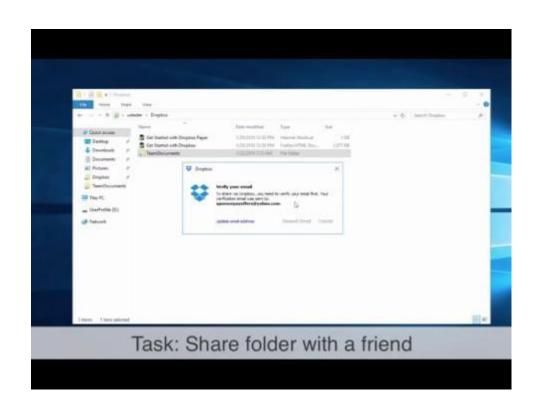


### Sharing - Dropbox

#### Don't:

 Make email verification a blocker to share file access.

- Requiring email verification forces users away from the product. Possibly abandoning the trial attempt.
- The timing of email verification prevents users from experience the simplicity of the product design.
- Users might not see the connection between email and sharing files, confusing them about the process.

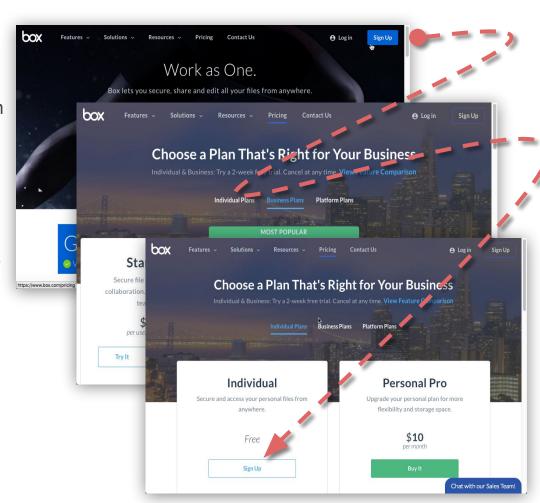


### Service plans - Box

#### Don't:

 Force users to select from multiple plan options before they can begin sign up.

- Forcing a plan selection, adds to the cognitive load of the signup up process as user wonder which is the best plan and if they will miss out on features.
- Pricing plans and features will not resonate with users until after they use the product.
- If users can't find a free or trial option, they may abandon sign up attempt and see if competition has a free plan.

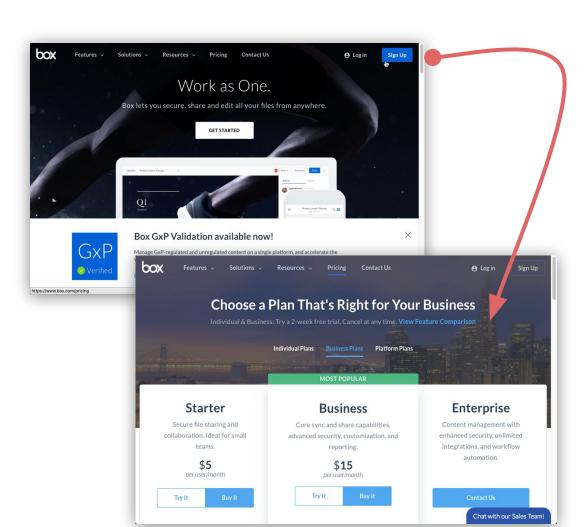


#### Don't:

 Have a signup link that does not open a signup form.

#### Effect:

 Forces users to find a signup page and gets in the way of using the software

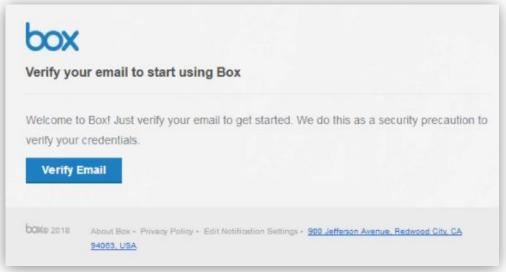


#### Don't:

Required email verification during sign up process.

#### Why:

- Interrupts the signup process and increase the likelihood of distraction.
- Distracted users will possibly abandon the trial attempt.
- Users don't necessarily understand why you need an email address, might have a trust issue.



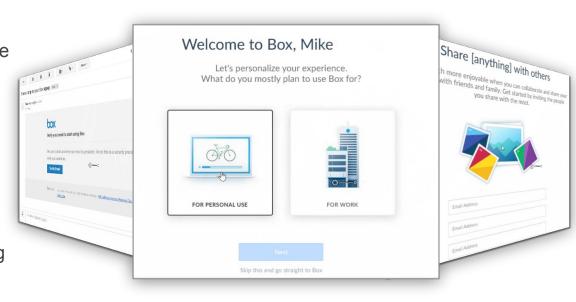
\*Note: On several occasions the Box verification email was delayed by 1 minute or longer. While DropBox emails arrived within seconds, adding to the distraction of sign up.

#### Don't:

 Ask redundant questions. In this case the user selected the free personal account plan but was asked again if they plan on using this for work.

#### Effect:

- Added cognitive load as the user wonders what the impact of selecting one over the other.
- Users feel like this could be an up-sell before they even use the product.
- Users wonder if they selected a correct plan.



#### Don't:

 Ask for personal contacts during signup process.

#### Effect:

 Users feel uncomfortable sharing personal contact information before they have had a chance to try out the product. Trust must be establish before asking for such things.

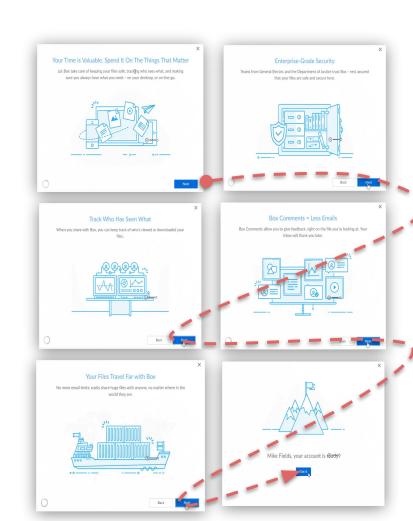


### Onboarding - Box

#### Don't:

Show Up-Front Tutorial before the user can access the software.

- Prevents users from getting to use your product.
- Even with an X or close button, users often still click through to the end of the instruction set without absorbing content.

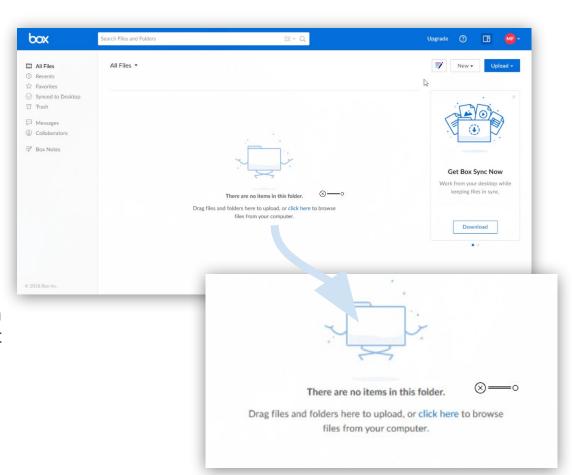


### Onboarding - Box

#### Do:

 Have simple instructions for how to populate your product.

- Clear, concise instruction nudges user to experience the magic of the product.
- Points the user in the right direction so they complete the necessary 1st step to being successful using the product.

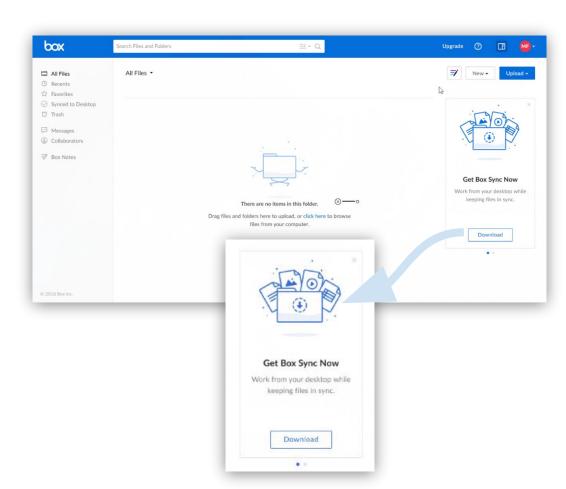


### Onboarding - Box

#### Do:

Advertising local client options as an added feature.

- Users discover how to get more out of your product.
- Users don't feel the necessity to download client immediately.



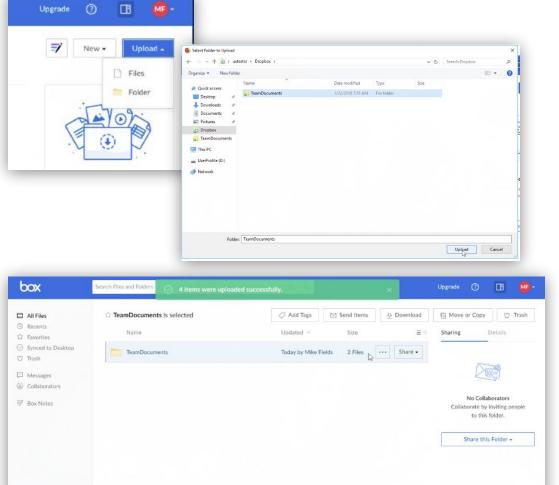
### Upload content - Box

#### Do:

 Upload button is in clear view and has a high contrast.

### Why:

 The contrast of the upload button draws attention to logical next step.

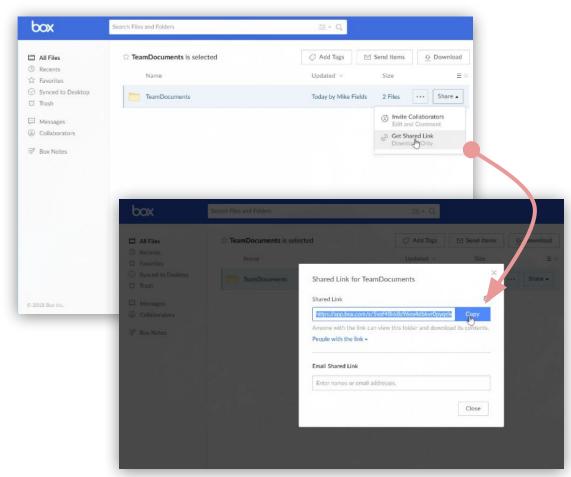


#### Share content - Box

#### Do:

 Make it clear that Sharing content is the next logical step.

- Shows the user that you understand and anticipate their needs.
- Makes the concept of sharing content discoverable for users unfamiliar with that option.

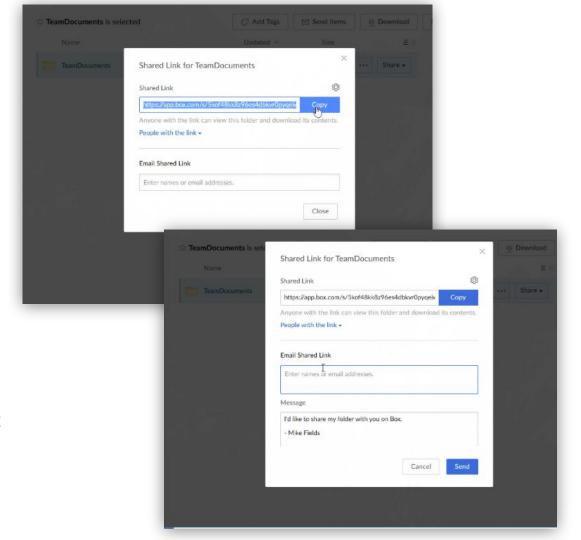


### Share content- Box

#### Do:

 Enable users habits with a "Copy" button as the primary action, but have alternatives.

- Users love to copy and paste links into email. A "Copy" button empowers them to do what they know best.
- Sometimes it's just easier to enter an email address, this option is just one click away.

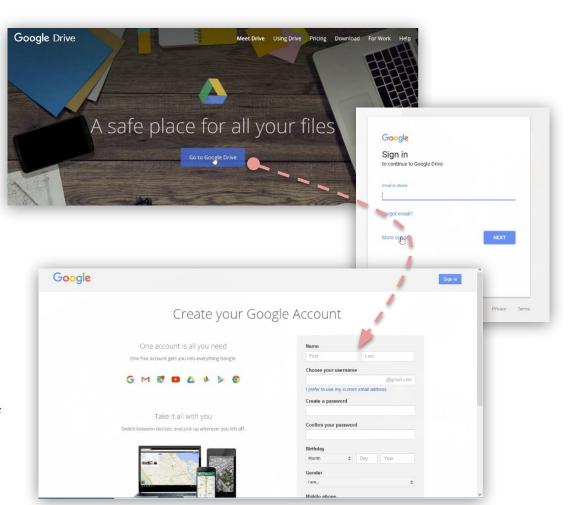


### Signup Form

#### Do:

 Have a clear call to action. No plans to choose from, just sign in or sign up.

- Users with a google account can simply sign in to try google drive.
- User without a google account can sign up and access many of the other google products.



### Signup Form - GoogleDrive

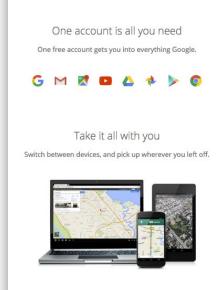
#### Don't:

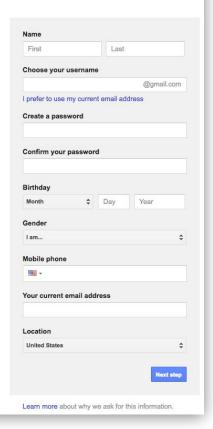
 Asks for seemingly irrelevant personal details about a user during sign up.

### Why:

- Users might not complete a signup if they are asked for personal information that seems unnecessary.
- Often users enter fake data to satisfy the required fields that seem unnecessary.

#### Create your Google Account



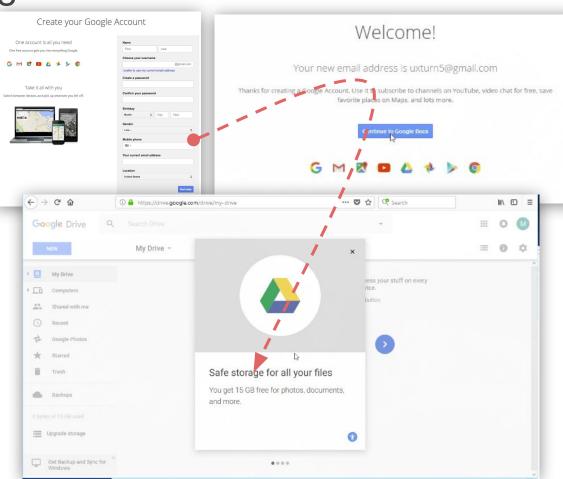


### Sign-up form - GoogleDrive

#### Do:

- Go from sign-up form direct to product.
- No email validation required.

- Simple sign-up process will not fatigue users.
- Keeps user inside the product.
- Gets users to experience your product quickly.

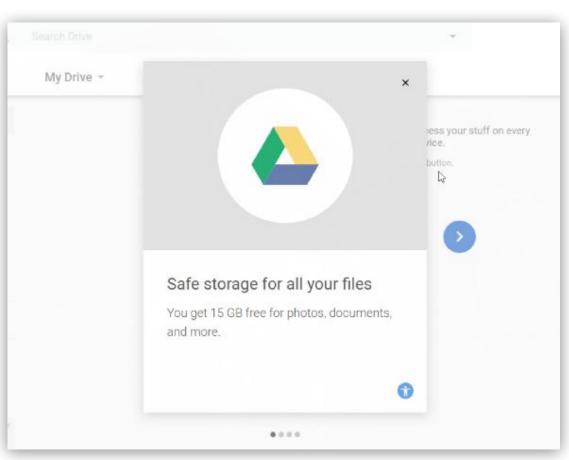


### Onboarding - GoogleDrive

#### Do:

 Providing relevant details about available storage at the appropriate time.

- Knowing how much storage is available is important in assessing the usefulness of the product. It is one of the top questions new users have.
- Since users did not select a plan, they did not know how much storage was available. This helps educate users on the capabilities of the product.

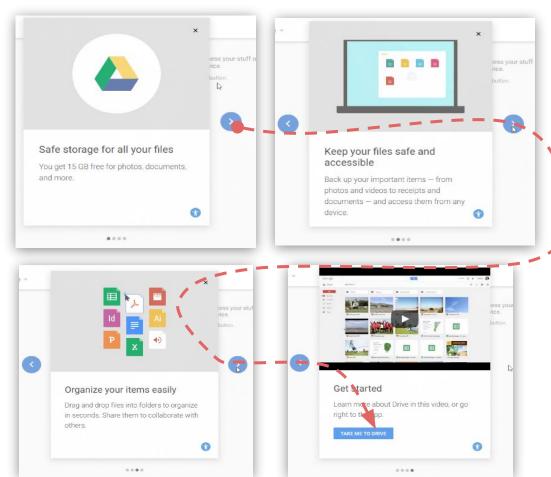


### Onboarding - GoogleDrive

#### Don't:

 Have up-front tutorial pop up before the user can access the software.

- The more you make users click through marketing slides, the longer it takes to get to first time use.
- Too much information adds to cognitive load and gets in the way of experience first time value.



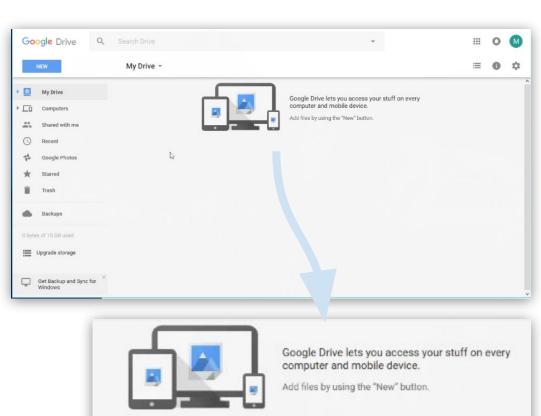
### Onboarding - GoogleDrive

### Do:

#### Do:

- Fill empty space with simple instructions for how to add content.
- Highlight next steps with high contrast elements.

- Clear, concise instructions nudges user to experience the magic of your product.
- The high contrast draws users to the next logical step in the process.



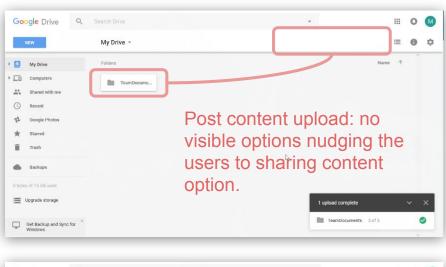
Share content - GoogleDrive

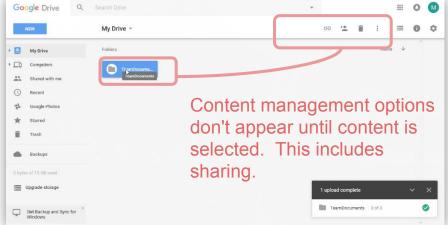
#### Don't:

 Hide relevant options such as share, link and delete.

#### Effect:

- Users are unsure of how to share content.
- Users might get lost looking for the share option in settings or other Google account details
- Users might not understand that sharing is feature of this software.





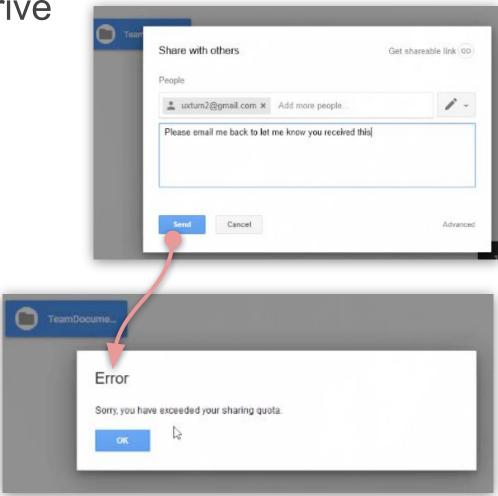
### Share content - GoogleDrive

#### Don't:

 Have errors that have no resolution action: "Sorry you have exceeded your sharing quota"

### Why:

- Errors in primary use case leave users to wonder about product stability.
- Vague or non actionable errors provide no guidance for resolving the issue.



\*Content of folder was less than 2mb in size